

A COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT VILLAGE DEMOGRAPHY REPORT

Submitted in the partial fulfilment for BA Internship



(Batch 2022-2024)

SUBMITTED

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BA 3rd semester

Under the Mentorship of

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CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report titled "**A STUDY ON VILLAGE DEMOGRAPHY in Borigivalasa**" is the bonafide work of Budda Balaraju (**Reg No:2022004036007**) who carried out the project work under the supervision of P.Ch.Venkateswararao

MENTOR

P.Ch.Venkateshwararao

Date:

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that I am Submitting the Project report titled "A study on the **VILLAGE DEMOGRAPHY** in **Borigivalasa** This has been undertaken for the purpose of partial fulfillment of **BA**, in Govt. Degree College, Narasannapeta.

BuddaBalaraju

(Reg .No 2022004036007)

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

It is really a matter of pleasure for me to get an opportunity to thank all the persons who contributed directly or indirectly for the successful completion of the project report, "**A Study on the VILLAGE DEMOGRAPHY in Borigivalasa**".

I wish to express my gratitude to the Ward Member and Sarpanch of Borigivalasa to do a Community Service Project in the summer. They provided me with their assistance and support whenever needed, which has been instrumental in completion of this project. I am thankful to Principal of **Govt. Degree College**, for her support and encouragement throughout the tenure of the project. Also I am thankful to my faculty Mentor **P.Ch.Venkateswararao** Lecturerin History **GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE Narasannapeta** for being a source of support during this training period.

Budda Balaraju

(Reg No:2022004036007)

INDEX

S NO	CONTENTS	PAGE NO
1	INTRODUCTION	
2	OBJECTIVE of STUDY	
3	ABOUT COLLEGE	
4	ABOUT VILLAGE	
5	METHODOLOGY OF STUDY	
6	DATA ANALYSIS	
7	COMMUNITY SERVICE	
8	RECOMMENDATIONS	
9	REFERENCES	
10	BIBLIOGRAPHY	
11	ANNEXURE: QUESTIONNAIRE	

INTRODUCTION

Mahatma Gandhi once said – “The future of India lies in its villages”. According to Gandhiji, villages are self-sufficient units. He believed that peace and non-violence exists in India.

Villages are the backbone of India because most of the food crops are in villages. So literally, villages are feeding everyone.

Ecological balance is maintaining by villages, because of the environment of villages. More trees, eco-friendly habits helps to keep villages pollutionfree. Though the times are changing and pollution levels are increasing in villages, there is a huge difference between pollution levels of villages and cities.

India's economy depends a lot upon agriculture sector. Agriculture, along with fisheries and forestry, accounts for one-third of the Nation's Gross Domestic Product. Hence villages are the strength of Indian economy.

India is well known for it's traditional & cultural values, which can be seen more in villages. Festivals and traditional ceremonies are celebrated in villages, which are being forgotten by those who moved to cities. In villages, people have peaceful life compared to people of cities. Stress levels in the people of cities are higher comparatively. In this way also, villages can be our strength if we look back and learn from their lifestyle.

Village people have more unity, helping nature, hardworking nature. Healthy food and lifestyle of villages is being replicated in cities these days, thus making India more healthier.

Once, India was called as “Golden Bird” due to villages.

Objectives of the study

This project work has been done with an objective of understanding the village demography Programme in the village in Borigivalasa

1. To assess the population distribution gender wise.
2. To assess sex ratio in the sample area.
3. To get the information about age wise distribution.
4. To get census the regarding community wise population in the study area .
5. To estimate the working and depending population in the study area .

COMMUNITY AWARENESS SERVICE

We conducted community awareness programme in the 2nd week of community service project and the following issues we observed.

1. Male population is slightly lower than female population as per is gender is concerned .
2. We suggested the males to enroll is more welfare schemes which they are eligible..
- 3 The literacy level in the village is just above 75.8%
 - many people in the sample area depend on agriculture status.
 - we suggested the Agriculture dependent farmers in the village to adopt modern agricultural techniques.
 - we awared the People in our village to concentrate more cleanliness which will help them in their well being.

COLLEGE PROFILE

COLLEGE

SUMMARY

Name of Institute: GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE,
NRASANNAPETA

**Year of
Establishment:** 1981

College Type: Affiliated College

University Name: Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Etcharla

Statutory Body: University Grants Commission

University Type: State Public University

ABOUT VILLAGE

Borigivalasa a small village in , Narasannapeta Mandal in Srikakulam district of the Indian state of Andhra Pradesh. Our village was in erstwhile Narasannapeta but recently it moved to Narasannapeta district as part of bifurcation of districts. My village is 2.5 kilometres away from Mandal headquarter and 40 kms away from district headquarter. It is deprived of all basic amenities and other facility and purely depends on agriculture. Sugar cane and paddy are the main crops. Ponds are the main sources of water for the village.

Total area of Borigivalasa is 1 km. the population is around 2000 people. Borigivalasa has a population density of 128 inhabitants per square kilometre. There are about 600 houses in it.

When it comes to literacy, population of Narasannapeta mandal is literate, out of which 74% males and 47.4% females are literate. There are about 53 villages in Narasannapeta mandal, which you can browse from Borigivalasa villages list (along with gram panchayat information) below. the percentage of literacy is more or less equal to the average percentage of Mandal. No government institutes are found in the village except elementary school.

METHODOLOGY OF STUDY

PRIMARY DATA

Primary data is used by issuing a questionnaire to 50 respondents asking Implementation and impact of social welfare schemes in Narasannapeta and recorded the respective responses out of 50 Respondents

The primary data was collected by means of a survey .Questionnaires were prepared and customers of the banks at the branch were approached to fill up the questionnaires .The questionnaire contains 20 questions which reflect on the type and quality of service provided by the banks to the customers .

Secondary Data:

The data gathered for the study is mainly of secondary nature. It was gathered from the official websites of Government of India and Government of AP and wikipedia.

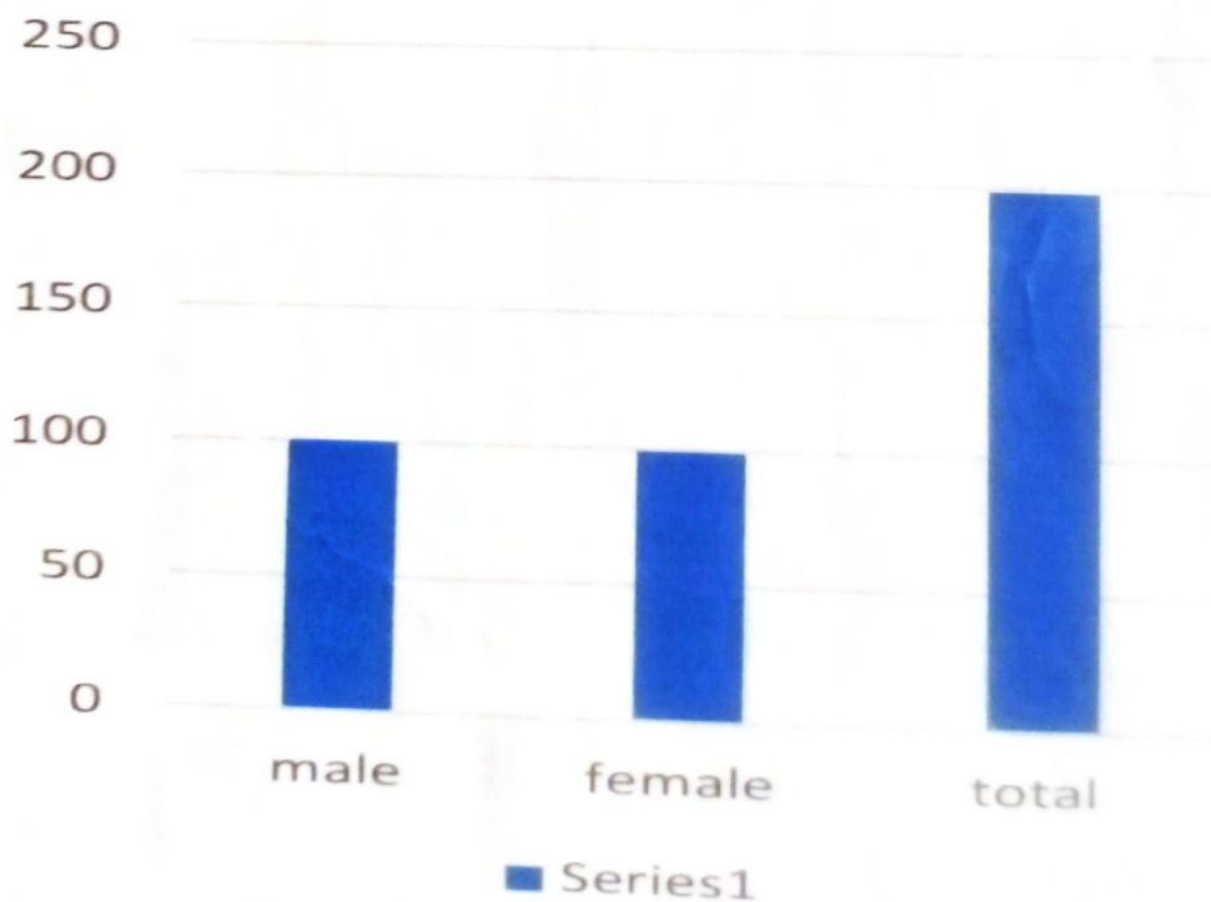
In order to have a proper understanding a depth study was done from the various sources such as books and the articles from various search engines like Google, yahoo search and answers.com.

DATA ANALYSIS

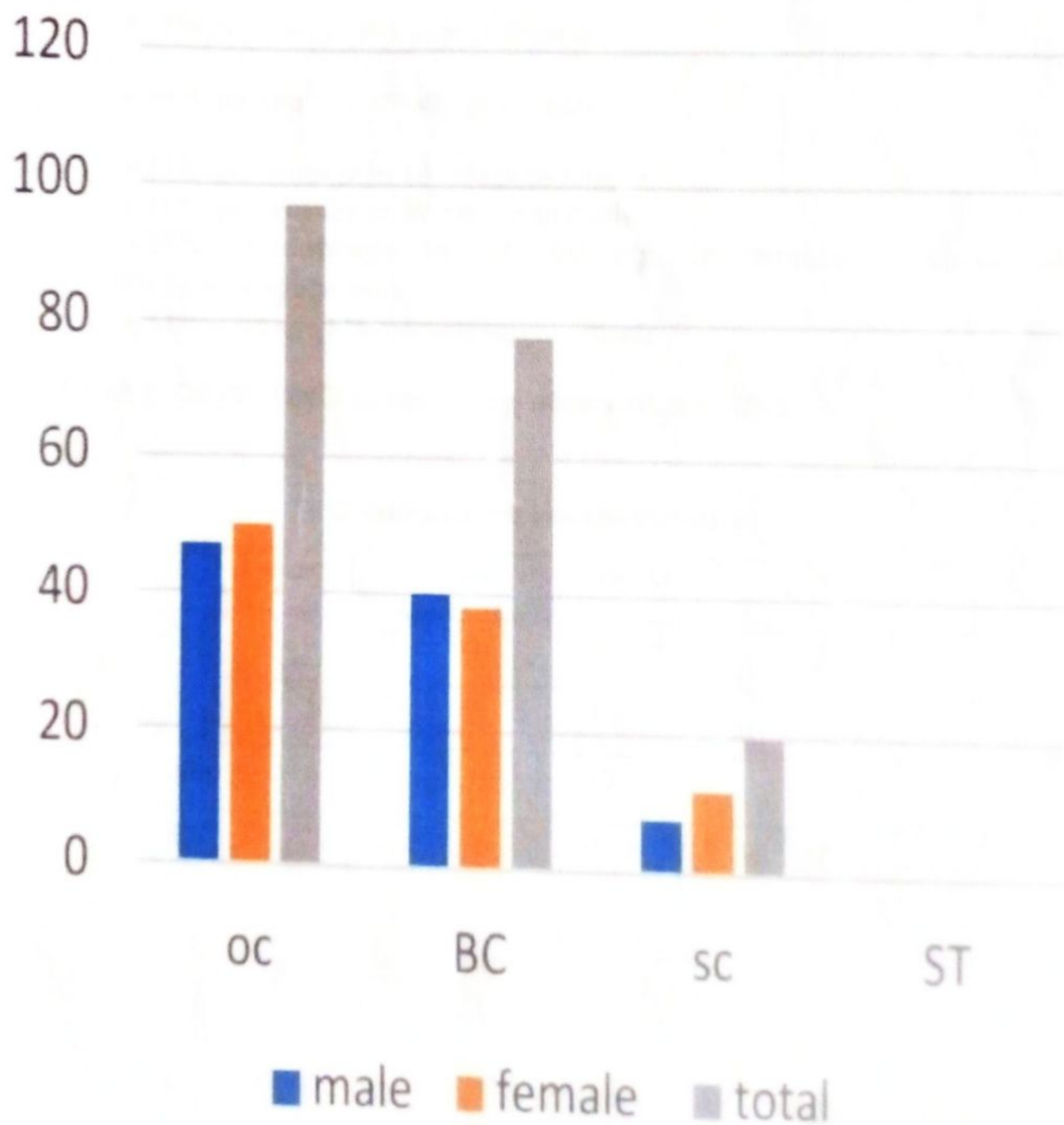
TABLE DEPICTING GENDER ANALYSIS-1

GENDER		
		Percentage
MALE	95	49%
FEMALE	100	51%
TOTAL	195	100%

gender wise population



community wise distribution



INTERPRETATION

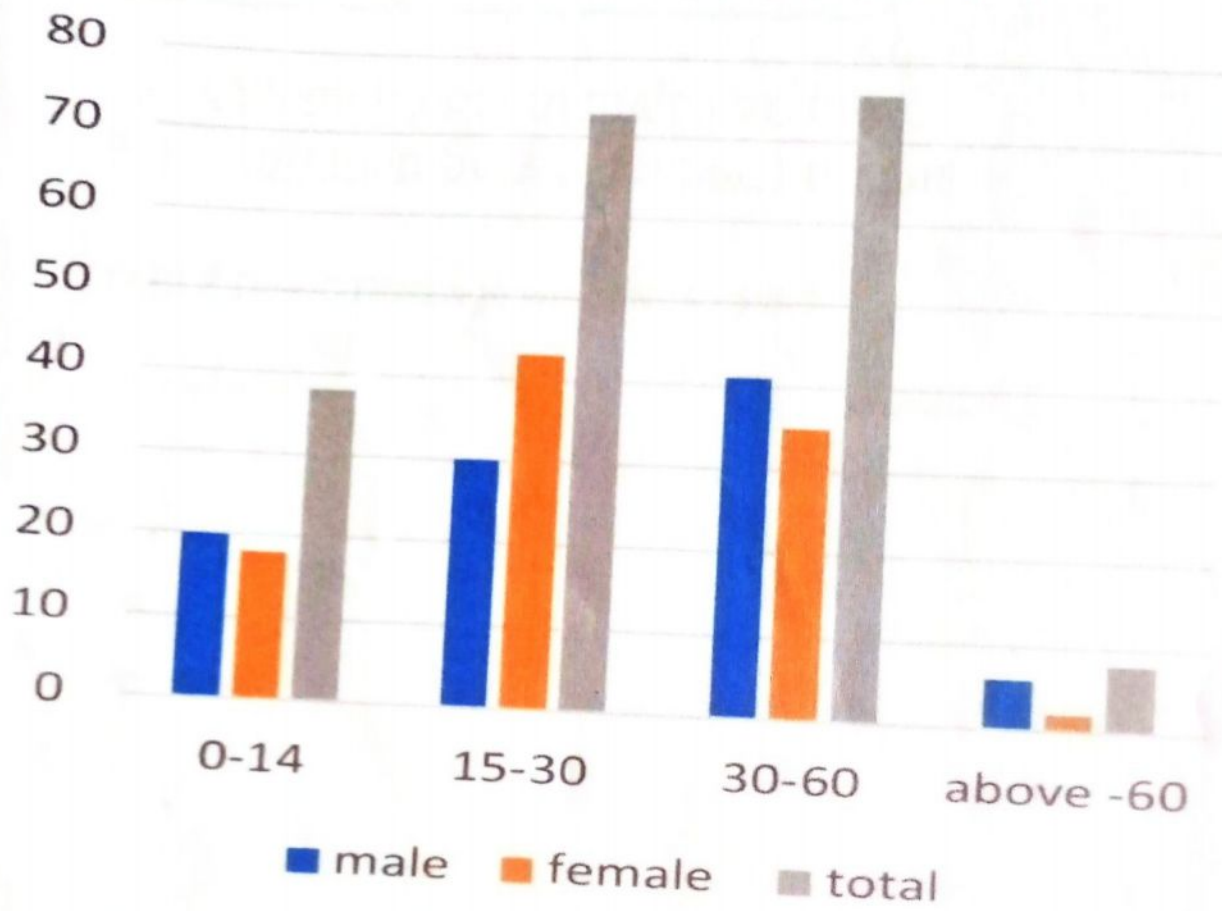
From the table and graph above it can be seen that

- 20% percentage 0-14 age in male
- 18%percentage 0-14age in female
- 30% percentage 15-30 age in male
- 43% percentage in 15-30age in female
- 41% percentage in 30-60 age in male
- 35% percentage in 13- 60 age in female
- Above. 60age 2%percentage in male
- Above 60 age 6% percentage in female

TABLE DEPICTING community wise ANALYSIS-3

Community wise distribution			
Category	MALE	FEMALE	Total
Oc	47	50.	97
BC	40	38.	78
Sc	8	12.	20
ST	0	0	0

age wise distribution



Interpretation

.95 members in male persons

.100 members in female persons

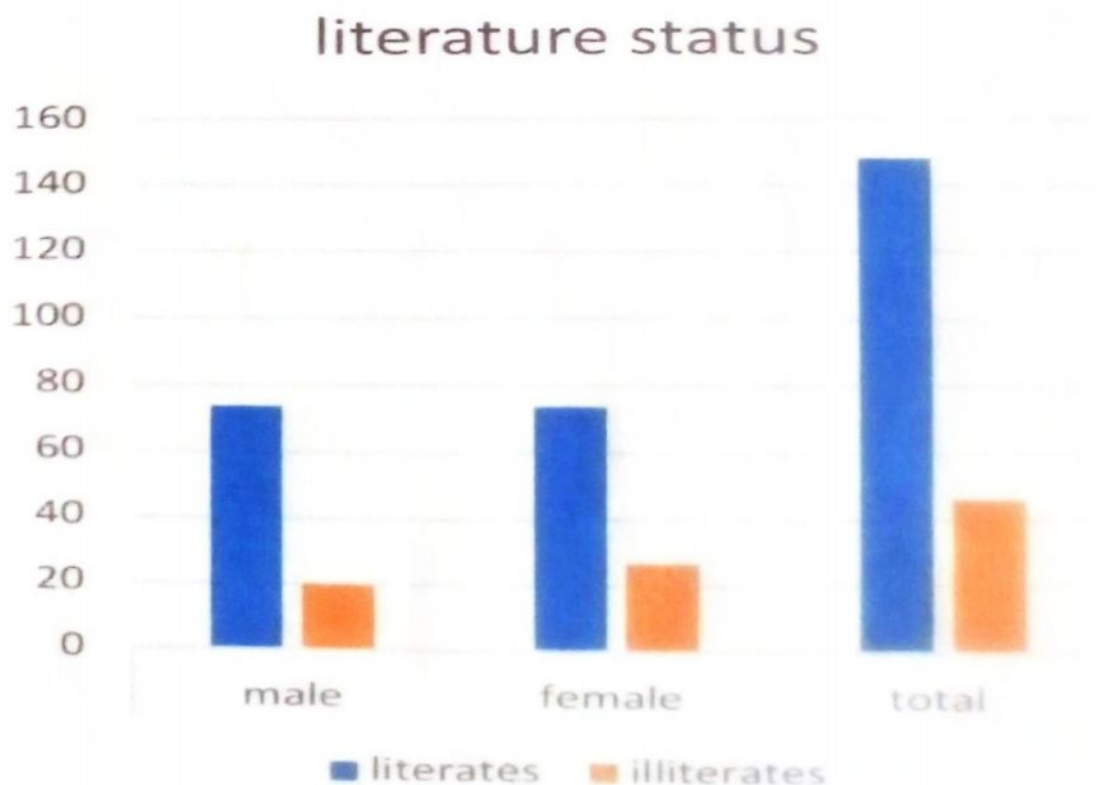
TABLE DEPICTING age wiseANLAYSIS-2

Age wise population	Male	Female-T	
0-14	20	18	38
15-30	30	43	73
30-60	41	35	76
Above 60	2	6	8

- **Intrrpretation**
- **40% percentage in male oc persons**
- **57% percentage in female 0c persons**
- **40%percentage in male BC persons**
- **38% percentage in female BC persons**
- **8%percentage in male sc persons**
- **12% percentage in female sc persons**
- **St category no population**

TABLE DEPICTING literacy ANALYSIS-4

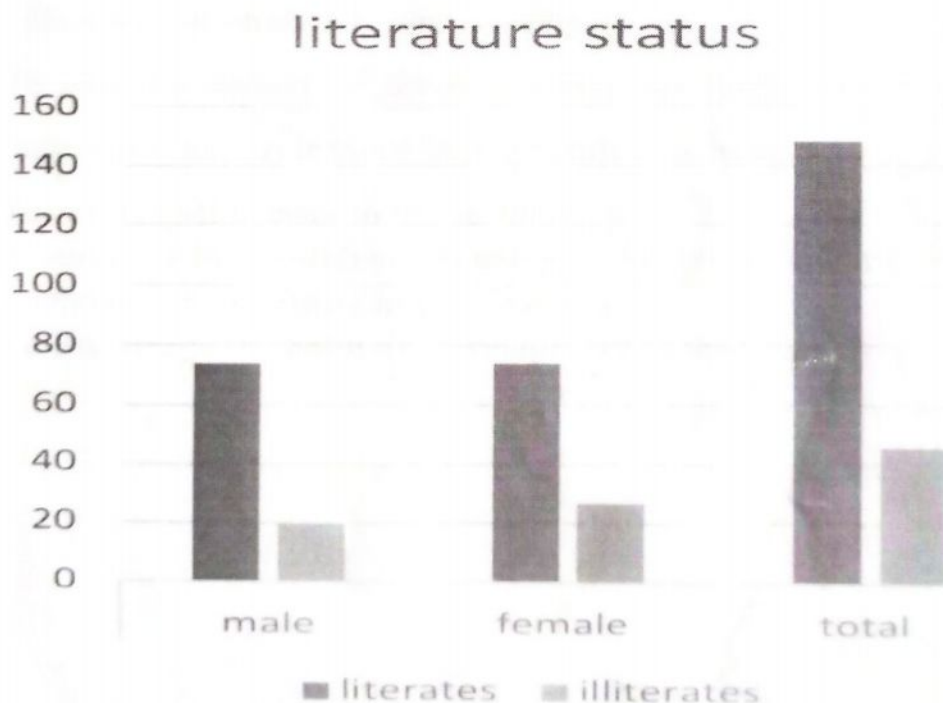
CATEGORY			
	MALE	FEMALE	Total
Literates	74	74	148
Illiterates	20	27	47



- Intrerpretation
- 40% percentage in male oc persons
- 57% percentage in female 0c persons
- 40%percentage in male BC persons
- 38% percentage in female BC persons
- 8%percentage in male sc persons
- 12% percentage in female sc persons
- St category no population

TABLE DEPICTING literacy ANALYSIS-4

CATEGORY			
	MALE	FEMALE	Total
Literates	74	74	148
Illiterates	20	27	47



INTERPRETATION

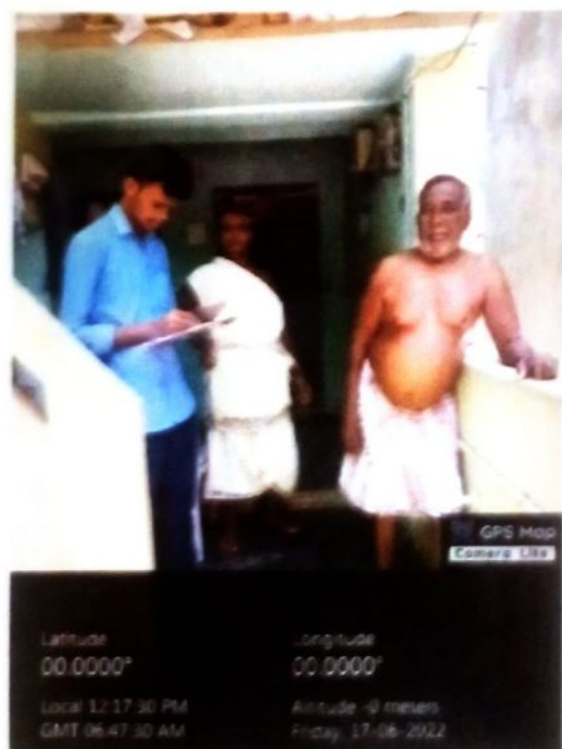
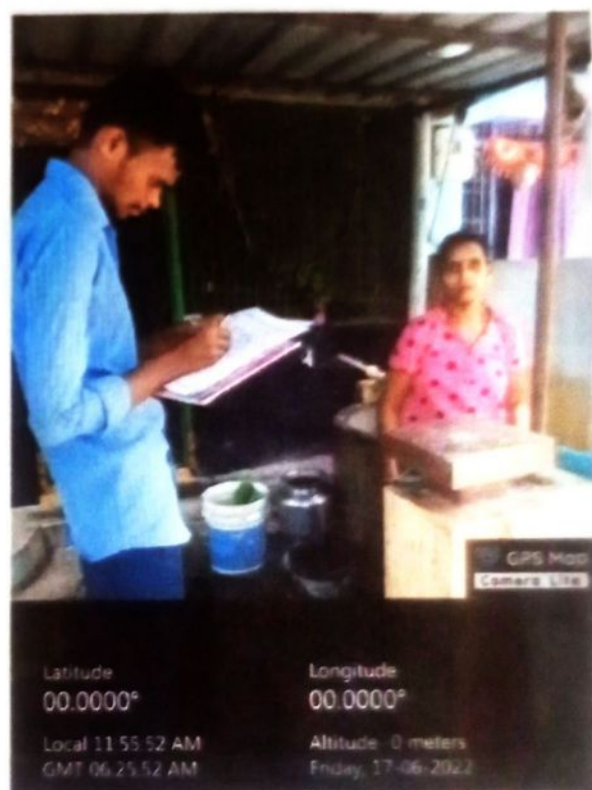
From the table and graph above it can be seen that

- 74% percentage in literates in male
- 74%percentage in literates in female. .
- 20% percentage in illiterate in male
- 27% percentage in illiterate in female.

COMMUNITY AWARENESS SERVICE

The community under study is lagging behind in using village demography.

1. To i
2. To secure them from financial, technical and moral strengths.
3. To enable availing of Development facilities.
4. To gain economic feasibility through technology.
5. To gain from collective wisdom in organising and managing their own village he automatically well developed
6. To sensitize women of the target area for the need some facilities like bathrooms and relevance in their empowerment.
7. To create enthusiasm to use technology
8. To enhance the confidence in using to the development of village
9. To develop capabilities in making village
- 10.To encourage the habit of development of the village.



RECOMMENDATIONS

- The above study reveals that these community groups are very inactive in using village development gateways and need to strengthen themselves by utilizing the resources provided by state or central government and to the fullest extent.
- Village has to improve facilities to this community and take measures to improve their financial and literacy
- Governments have to increase focus on village development and rural develop and to reach the nook and corner of society.
- State and central government should focus on developing cheaper and better facilities to provide affordability to the try to the Developed of to the village

Conclusion

The study reveals the village demography programme has become an important tool to eradicate poverty in AP. It is gathering momentum to become a major force in AP. The village demography model with lending to groups of poor has become an accepted part of rural finance. Yearly base analysis was made over AP to know the performance of village development . In 2021-22 there is a good level of growth in No. of village developers . Disbursement of financial assistance by Central and State Governments to all So it shows that AP is having good growth in village development and can be improved further. Village development of India is taking bigger initiatives to achieve village development goals and it is designing programmes like e-kranthi which gives good results in the years to come.

REFERENCES

News Dailies: Eenadu, SakshiWebsites:

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choudhary IAS**

**2.Village development SOCIO ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION
by Dr. Rajeev Sijariya and Rahul Sharma**

Questionnaire

Name:

Occupation:

Address:

1. Income
2. Category
3. Age
4. Development of village Yes/No
5. Well Planned drainage
6. Safe drinking water
7. No.of houses
8. Are the road in best conditions Yes/No
9. Re constructions
10. Works available
11. Are You Satisfied with the village development Yes/No
12. If No Reason



C24V+7X2, Narasannapeta, Andhra Pradesh 532421, India

Latitude 18.406346666666666° Longitude 84.045305000000001°
Local 12:30:30 PM Altitude 27.7 meters
GMT 07:00:30 AM Wednesday, 29-06-2022



C24V+7X2, Narasannapeta, Andhra Pradesh 532421, India

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GMT 07:13:44 Wednesday, 29-06-2022



C24V+7X2, Narasannapeta, Andhra Pradesh 532421, India

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Local 12:14:04 PM Altitude 25.5 meters
GMT 06:44:04 AM Wednesday, 29-06-2022



C24V+7X2, Narasannapeta, Andhra Pradesh 532421, India

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Local 12:32:42 PM Altitude 27.6 meters
GMT 07:02:42 AM Wednesday, 29-06-2022



C24V+7X2, Narasannapeta, Andhra Pradesh 532421, India

Latitude 18.406476666666666° Longitude 84.04519°
Local 12:18:02 PM Altitude 26.5 meters
GMT 06:48:02 AM Wednesday, 29-06-2022



Latitude 00.0000°

Local 12:17:32 PM
GMT 06:47:32 AM

Longitude 00.0000°

Altitude -0 meters
Friday, 17-06-2022